GST has transformed economy, says PM

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PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA

Modi on Sunday said the goods and services tax (GST) has transformed the economy and marks an example of cooperative federalism as states have been partners in all the decisions related to the new indirect tax regime.

He said the "smooth transition" of such a huge measure in a vast country involving crores of people was historic and can be a case study for universities around the world.

The prime minister said the priority of the government, while ushering in the GST (Goods and Services Tax), has been that there should no burden on the plate of the poor man.

In his monthly radio programme *Mann Ki Baat*, Modi also spoke about various other issues like the flood situation in various parts of the country and mentioned about the freedom movement in view of the upcoming Independence Day.

In the 30-minute broadcast, he also stressed the need for using only the environmentfriendly items made by the poor people of the country during the



festivals and hailed the performance by the Indian Women's Cricket team in the recent World Cup.

Referring to the GST which was rolled out on July 1, the prime minister said, "One nation, one tax – how big a dream has been fulfilled."

Underlining that GST is more than just a tax reform, Modi said it ushers in a new culture. "It has been about a month since the GST was implemented and I feel satisfied and happy when someone writes to me to say how the prices of goods needed by the poor have reduced," Modi said.

"GST, which I call good and simple tax', has really made a very positive impact on our economy and in such a short span of time," he added.

Modi said the speed at which the smooth transition, migration and new registration has taken place has led to a new confidence in the country.

Describing the GST roll-out is an example of cooperative federalism, the Prime Minister said all states are partners in it and have a responsibility as well. "All decisions were taken by the Centre and the states through consensus."

Modi said is an example of success of the collective effort of India and marks a "historic achievement".

He said it was not only a tax reform but "is a measure that lends strength to the new culture of honesty. In a way it is campaign for cultural improvement."

The prime minister said the magnitude of the exercise is an example in itself and will surely be studied by the world.

Modi said the people from the north-east, far off mountains and those living in the jungles have written letters, saying that initially there were fears but as they started understanding the GST, it became easy and business became easier. PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU पत्र सूचना कार्यालय GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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PM'S MANN KI BAAT

Expel communalism, casteism by 2022 with Quit India spirit

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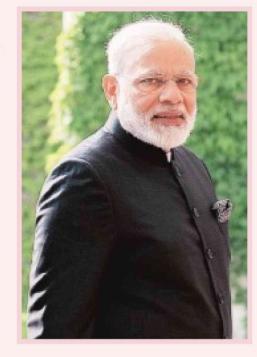
AHEAD OF THE 70th Independence Day, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Sunday invoked the Quit India Movement and exhorted the countrymen to use the same spirit to expel the problems of communalism, casteism, corruption, terrorism, poverty and dirt by 2022.

He also asked the people to take a pledge to contribute in some way or the other to create a 'New India'.

In his monthly radio programme "Mann Ki Baat', Modi referred to the Quit India Movement launched on August 9,1942, by Mahatma Gandhi and the subsequent developments which resulted in the British leaving India and the country getting freedom on August 15,1947.

"Just like five years between 1942 and 1947 became the decisive period, I can see another fiveyear period from 2017 to 2022 to make a resolve to end the problems of our nation," he said.

He identified these problems as communalism, casteism, corruption, terrorism, poverty and dirt and asked peo-



ple to work for their removal in the same spirit of "Quit India".

"It is 70 years since we got Independence. Governments came and went, systems emerged and developed. Everyone contributed in own way to end the problems, raise employment, remove poverty and make the country progress. Successes were achieved but the expectations were also raised," the prime minister said.

He said this Independence Day should be celebrated as one of resolve to end the problems in next five years. "If 125 crore people, remembering August 9, Just like five years between 1942 and 1947 became the decisive period, I can see another five-year period to make a resolve to end the problems of our nation.

— NARENDRA MODI, PM

1942, make a pledge on August 15 to contribute something as an individual, as a citizen, as a family person, as a person from a city or a village, as a member of a government department, there will be crores of pledges," Modi said.

He exhorted the citizens to use all kinds of fora to undertake this task, including through the online mode.

The PM also sought ideas from the public which could be incorporated in his Independence Day speech that he will deliver from the ramparts of the historic Red Fort.

Interestingly, he said he has heard about "complaints" that his previous Independence Day addresses were long and that he will try to keep it short this time.

"I will try to finish it in 40-45-50 minutes. I have tried to make a rule for myself. I don't know whether I will be able to do it or not." he added.

He also referred to the upcoming season of festivals like Raksha Bandhan, Janam Ashtami, Ganesh Chaturthi and Diwali and urged the people to use the items made by the poor people of the country as it is relates to their economic empowerment.

"Our festivals are not only for celebrations. Our festivals are also an instrument of societal improvement. Also, it has direct relation to the economic condition of the poor people," Modi said. "This is the time when the poor people get an opportunity to make an earning," he said.

Giving the example of Diwali, he said the people should use environment-friendly 'diyas' (small oil lamps) only. Such things, he said, will give work to the poor people and help in their empowerment.